

本节内容

循环链表

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1

知识总览



就那么简单



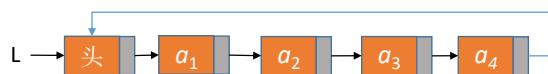
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2

循环单链表



单链表：表尾结点的next指针指向NULL



循环单链表：表尾结点的next指针指向头结点

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3

循环单链表

```

typedef struct LNode{           // 定义单链表结点类型
    ELEMTYPE data;               // 每个节点存放一个数据元素
    struct LNode *next;        // 指针指向下一个节点
}LNode, *LinkList;

// 初始化一个循环单链表
bool InitList(LinkList &L) {
    L = (LNode *) malloc(sizeof(LNode)); // 分配一个头结点
    if (L==NULL)                // 内存不足，分配失败
        return false;
    L->next = L;                  // 头结点next指向头结点
    return true;
}

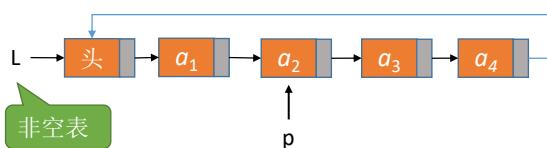
```



```

// 判断循环单链表是否为空
bool Empty(LinkList L) {
    if (L->next == L)
        return true;
    else
        return false;
}

```



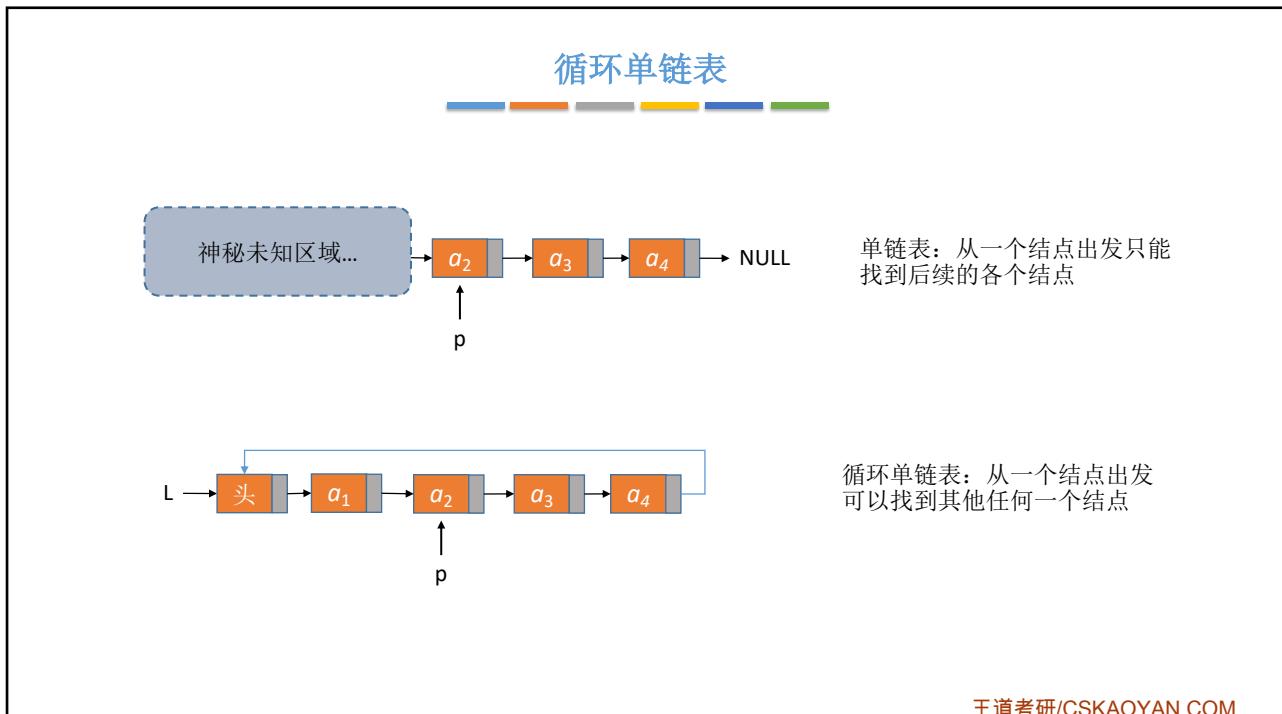
```

// 判断结点p是否为循环单链表的表尾结点
bool isTail(LinkList L, LNode *p){
    if (p->next==L)
        return true;
    else
        return false;
}

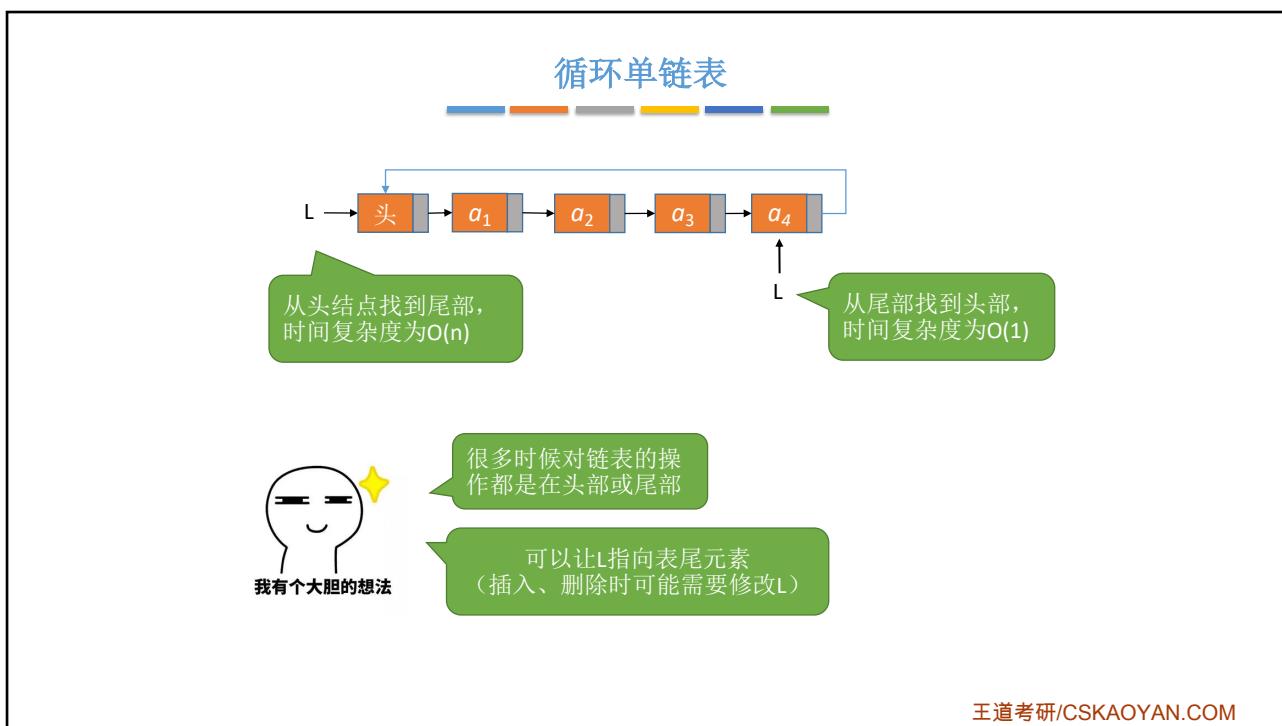
```

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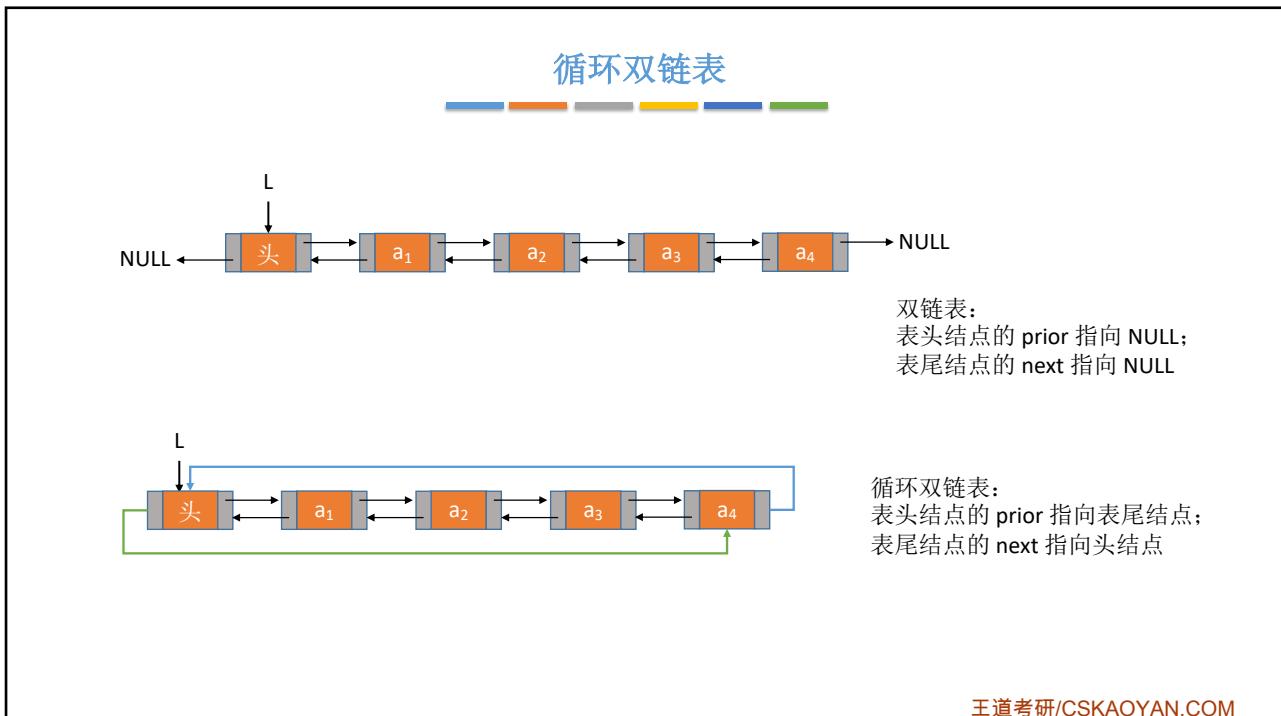
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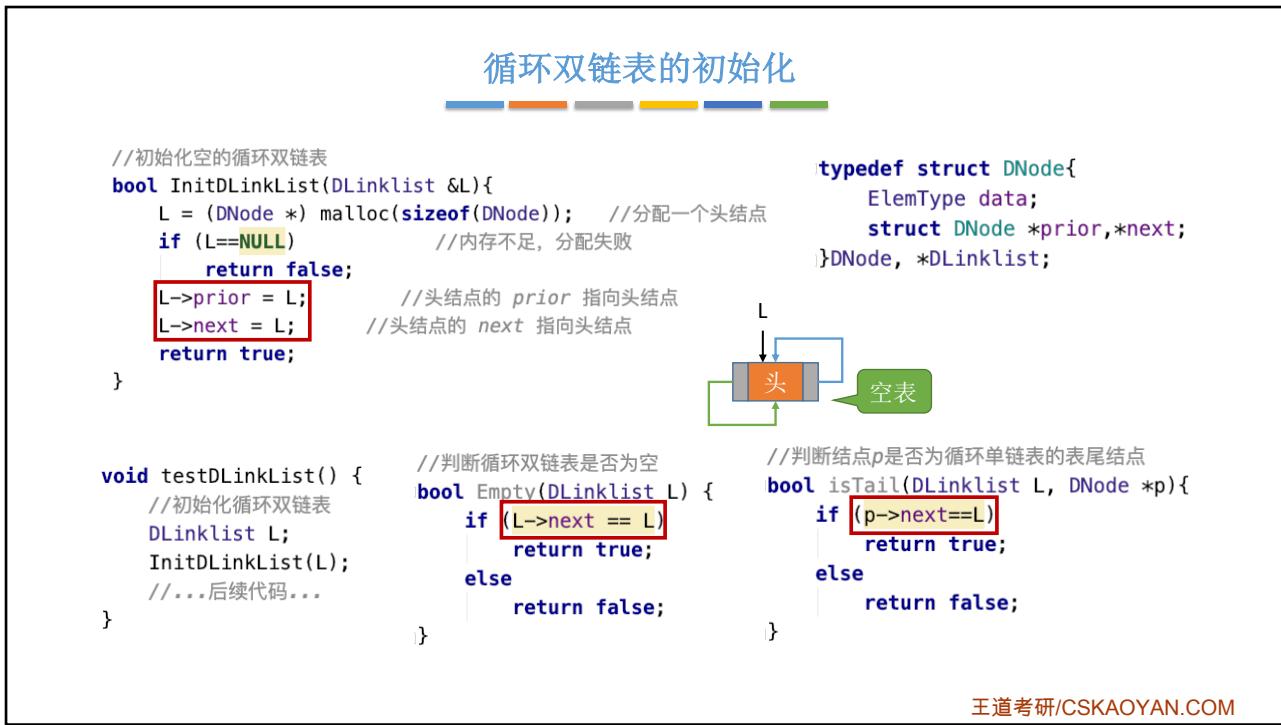
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6



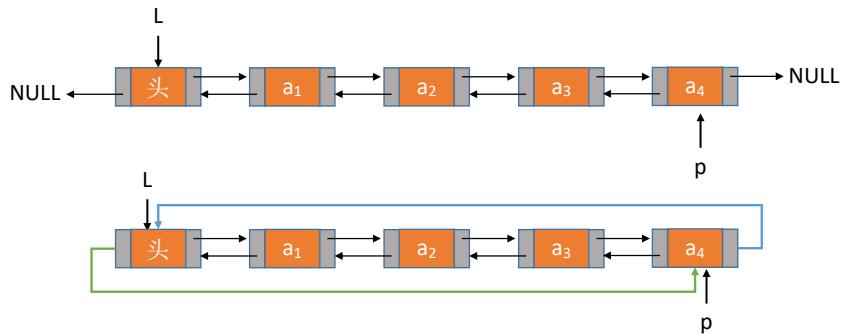
7



8

双链表的插入

```
//在p结点之后插入s结点
bool InsertNextDNode(DNode *p, DNode *s){
    s->next=p->next; //将结点*s插入到结点*p之后
    p->next->prior=s;
    s->prior=p;
    p->next=s;
}
```

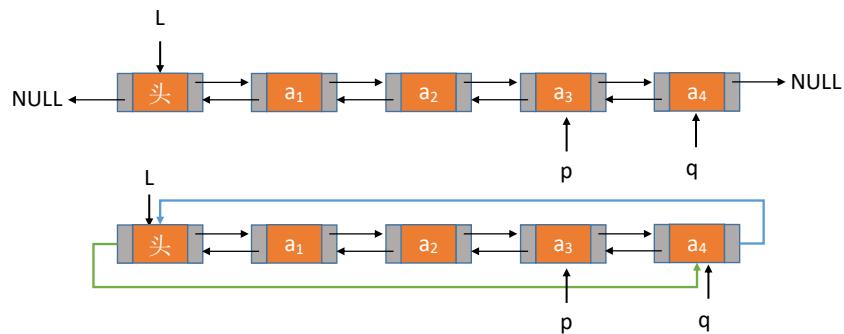


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9

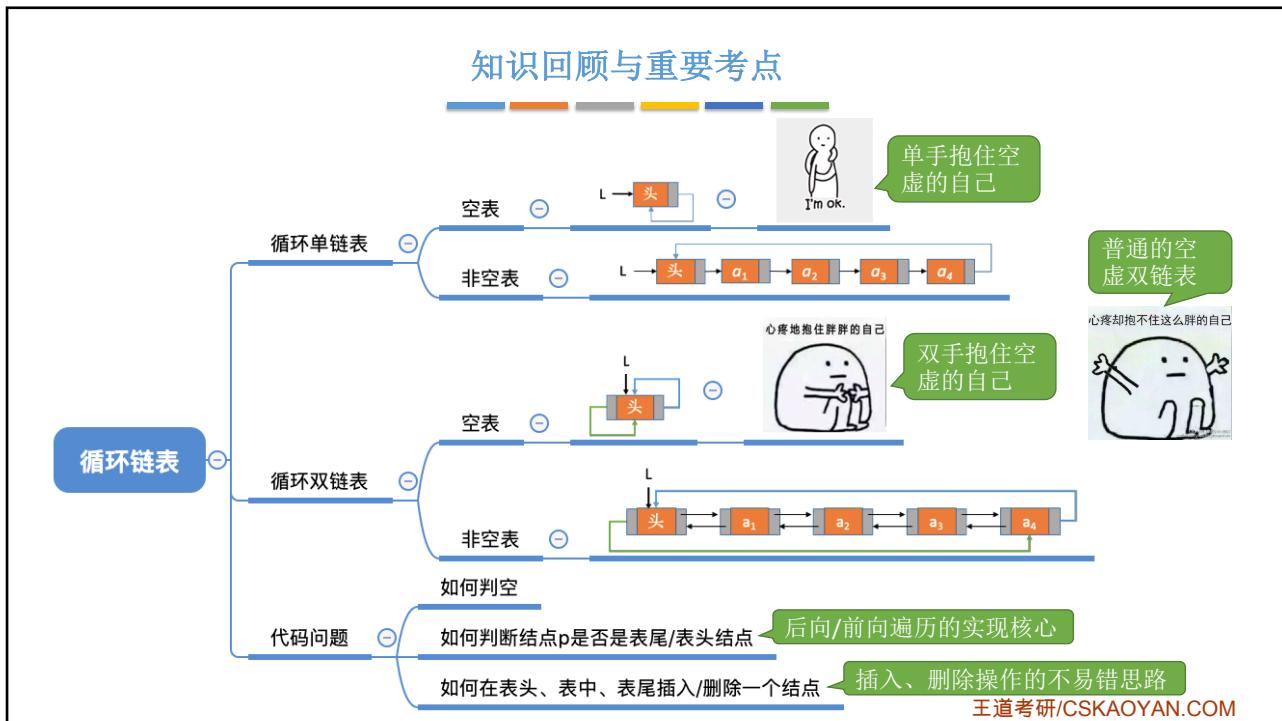
双链表的删除

```
//删除p的后继结点q
p->next=q->next;
q->next->prior=p;
free(q);
```



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10



11